

NAME P/N QTY	CRIT	FAILURE MODE & CAUSES	FAILURE EFFECT	RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE
JUMPER HARNESS, ITEM 392 ----- SV821756-2 (1)	2/1RB	392FM03 Electrical short, +5V, - 14.2V or +14.2V line to ground.  Cable chafing against connector shell or shield. Improper connector strain relief, insulation resistance.	END ITEM: Short from +5V, -14.2V or +14.2V line to ground. Loss of power.  GFE INTERFACE: Increase in battery power consumption. The current is limited in the DCM DC/DC converter to 1.8 +/- 0.25 amps. Shutdown of the DC/DC converter. Loss of CWS, tones and DCM display.  MISSION: None for single failure. Terminate EVA with loss of DCM display, CWS and ability to monitor operational integrity of EMU. Loss of use of one EMU  CREW/VEHICLE: None for single failure. Possible loss of crewman with loss of CCC, oxygen, and low vent flow.  TIME TO EFFECT	A. Design - Short circuits are minimized by the following: Each connector/adaptor ring interface is locked in place to prevent rotation by a mechanical lock. #22 Teflon insulated wires and connector provide electrical conduction and insulation properties. Connector pins are operating at 56.7% of derated temperature and 4.68% of derated voltage, and the wire is at 14.26% or derated current. The convoluted tubing provides an additional layer of insulation to prevent shorts between the EMI braid and any internal unshielded conductors woven Halar sheath is assembled over the internal cables to provide protection from abrasion and impact. Connector pins are insulated by a polyphenylene sulfide insert. Strain relief is provided by the combination of convolute tubing, metal EMI braid, and 0.5" extra cable length. The braided items are secured by a band strap at each connector/cable interface. The convolute tubing is threaded into the connectors. Wire crimping is performed per SVHS4909 (1 on MSFC Spec-Q-1A).  B. Test - Component Acceptance Test - The 392 harness is subjected to acceptance testing per AT-E-392 prior to final acceptance to ensure there are no workmanship problems that could cause an open or short circuit. Each connector/harness interface is subjected to a 9-lb. test. The insulation resistance between each conductor and the ground circuit is measured during this test to ensure there are no intermittent shorts and verify the integrity of the harness strain relief. A continuity test is performed to measure the resistance of each circuit to ensure there are no open circuits or high resistance paths. The insulation resistance and dielectric strength between each conductor and the shield ground is measured to ensure there are no shorts.  PDA Test - The +5V, -14.2V, and +14.2V lines are checked during DCM PDA testing per SI 015 para. 4.0 (Electrical Testing).  Certification Test - Certified for a useful life of 15 years (ref. EMU1-13-046).  C. Inspection - To ensure that there are no workmanship problems which could cause a short circuit in the harness conductors, the following inspections are made: Core crimp samples are made prior to start of crimping and at the conclusion of crimping and pull tested to ensure the crimp tooling is operating properly. Crimp terminations are inspected for defects. Harness cables and conductors are visually inspected prior to assembly to ensure there are no defects which could cause a short due to workmanship. Electrical bond test is performed to verify ground path through various points on the harness. In-process and final electrical checkout of the harness (conductor continuity, dielectric strength, insulation resistance tests) are performed to ensure there are no open/short circuits.  D. Failure History - None.  E. Ground Turnaround -

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		/ACTIONS: Minutes.	Tested per FEMU-R-001, Transducer and DCM Gage Calibration Check. FEMU-R-001 Para. 8.2, EMU Pre-flight KSC Checkout for EET processing.
		TIME AVAILABLE: Minutes.	F. Operational Use - Crew Response - PreEVA: Trouble shoot, if no success, consider third EMU if available. Otherwise, EMU is no go for EVA.
		TIME REQUIRED: Minutes.	EVA: Terminate EVA when detected by ground or during crewmember's status check PostEVA: N/A
		REDUNDANCY SCREENS: A-PASS B-FAIL C-PASS	Training - Standard EMU training covers this failure mode.  Operational Considerations - Flight rule A15.1.2-2 of "Space Shuttle Operational Flight Rules", NSTS-12820 defines go/no go criteria related to CWS. Define EMU as lost if crew and ground determine insufficient CWS data available. Generic EVA Checklist, JSC-48023, procedures Section 3 (EMU Check) and 4 (EVA prep) verify hardware integrity and systems operational status prior to EVA. EMU CWS provides readout on status. Real Time Data System allows ground monitoring of EMU systems.

EXTRAVEHICULAR MOBILITY UNIT  
SYSTEMS SAFETY REVIEW PANEL REVIEW  
FOR THE  
I-392 JUMPER SIGNAL HARNESS  
CRITICAL ITEM LIST (CIL)  
EMU CONTRACT NO. NAS 9-97150

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